

## **NCI Community Oncology Research Program – Kansas City (NCORP-KC) Alliance Model Consent Form**

**Study Title for Study Participants: Testing two immune activating drugs, nivolumab with or without ipilimumab, in people with advanced sarcomas**

**Official Study Title for Internet Search on <http://www.ClinicalTrials.gov>:  
A091401-Randomized Phase II Study of Nivolumab with or without Ipilimumab in Patients with Metastatic or Unresectable Sarcoma**

This study is conducted by the Alliance for Clinical Trials in Oncology, a national clinical research group supported by the National Cancer Institute. The Alliance is made up of cancer doctors, health professionals, and laboratory researchers, whose goal is to develop better treatments for cancer, to prevent cancer, to reduce side effects from cancer, and to improve the quality of life of cancer patients.

### **What is the usual approach to my advanced or unresectable sarcoma?**

You are being asked to take part in this study because you have a sarcoma that is still in your body, although you have been treated with at least 1 treatment for your sarcoma. People who have sarcoma are usually treated with medications, chemotherapy, surgery, or radiation. Sometimes, combinations of these are used, and your doctor can explain which may be best for you. For patients who receive the usual approach for this cancer, about 10 out of 100 are cancer free at five years.

### **What are my other choices if I do not take part in this study?**

There are many different kinds of sarcoma, which can show different growth and outcomes. You may have other options for treatment. Your doctor will be able to discuss options with you in more detail.

If you decide not to take part in this study, you have other choices. For example:

- you may choose to have the usual approach described above
- you may choose to take part in a different study, if one is available
- or you may choose not to be treated for cancer but you may want to receive comfort care to relieve symptoms.

### **Why is this study being done?**

The purpose of this study is to test any good and bad effects of the study drugs called nivolumab and ipilimumab. Nivolumab alone or with ipilimumab could shrink your cancer but it could also cause side effects. Researchers hope to learn if the study drug will shrink the cancer by at least one-quarter compared to its present size, and to learn more about the side effects and science of the treatment.

Both of the drugs work through your body’s immune system to help the immune system act against cancer cells. Ipilimumab has been studied and is FDA-approved to treat melanoma, a type of skin cancer. Nivolumab has been studied, and is FDA approved to treat lung cancer. Nivolumab and ipilimumab have been studied given together. Nivolumab and Ipilimumab are considered experimental and are not FDA approved to treat sarcoma. Neither drug has been tested in all types of sarcoma, but has shrunk several types of sarcoma tumors in animals.

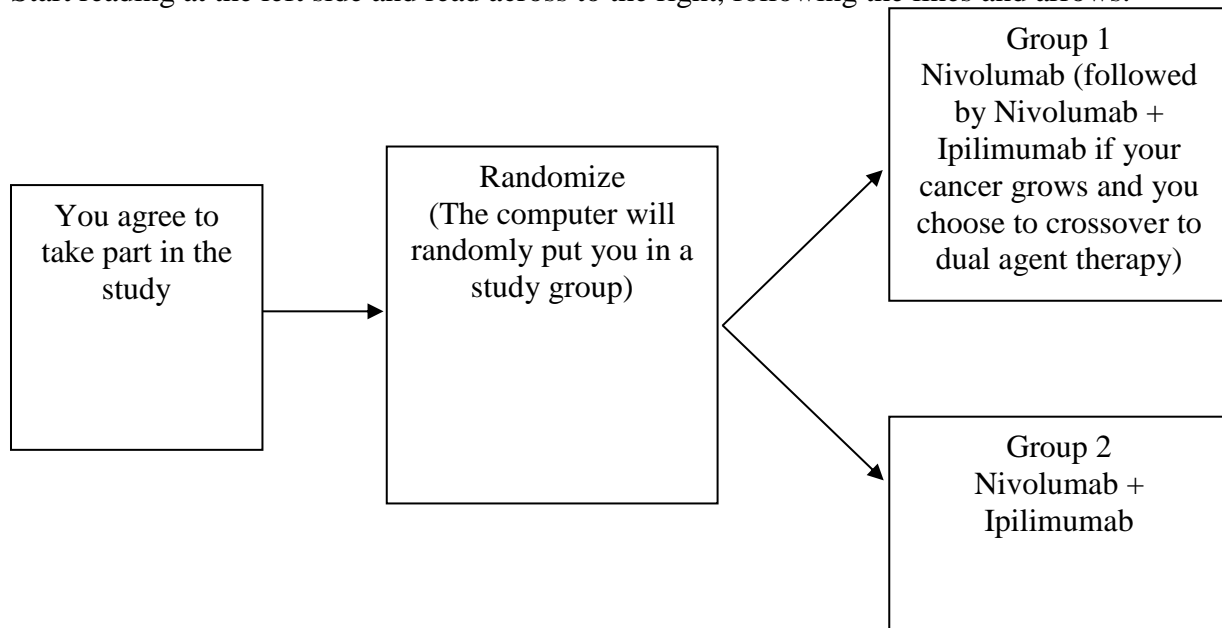
There will be about 195 people taking part in this study.

### What are the study groups?

This study has two study groups. Group 1 will receive the study drug nivolumab alone, which will be given by vein for 30 minutes once every two weeks. For patients in Group 1, if your cancer grows or worsens, you will be able to receive nivolumab along with ipilimumab, as the patients in Group 2 receive. Group 2 will receive nivolumab (given by vein for 30 minutes) plus ipilimumab (given by vein for 90 minutes) once every 3 weeks for the first 12 weeks followed by Nivolumab alone every 2 weeks thereafter.

A computer will by chance assign you to treatment groups in the study. This is called randomization. This is done by chance because no one knows if one study group is better or worse than the other.

Another way to find out what will happen to you during this study is to read the chart below. Start reading at the left side and read across to the right, following the lines and arrows.



## How long will I be in this study?

You will receive nivolumab alone or nivolumab with ipilimumab for up to 2 years. After you finish getting the nivolumab alone or nivolumab with ipilimumab, your doctor will continue to watch you for side effects and follow your condition for up to 3 years from the date of randomization.

During the first three months of treatment your cancer will be followed with scans. If your cancer shrinks or stays the same size you may continue therapy as long as your side effects are tolerable. Also if your cancer grows you may be offered the option to continue on the drug. The study drug might have a slow benefit, which is why this is being offered to you. It also might not be working on your tumor, and if you do choose to continue the drug, you might be getting treatment that is not working, and another treatment may be better for you. This is a complicated decision, and your study doctor will explain this to you.

After the first three months of treatment your cancer will be followed with scans. If your cancer shrinks or stays the same size you may continue therapy as long as your side effects are tolerable. If you are in Group 1, and you have been taking Nivolumab alone for three or more months, you may choose to receive Nivolumab with Ipilimumab if your cancer grows. If your cancer grows while taking both drugs together, you will be taken off study drug.

## What extra tests and procedures will I have if I take part in this study?

Most of the exams, tests, and procedures you will have are part of the usual approach for your cancer. However, there are some extra exams, tests, and procedures that you will need to have if you take part in this study.

Before you begin the study:

You will need to have the following extra exams, tests, and procedures to find out if you can be in the study:

- In order to participate in this study, we will need to test a sample of your tumor. This sample should be available from a previous biopsy. However, if for any reason your tumor sample is not available; your doctor will ask you to consider having a new biopsy before the start of the study to confirm your diagnosis of sarcoma. There may be a chance that you will not be able to go on this study depending on the results of the biopsy.
- Researchers will also look at some other characteristics of your tumor using the material from **your previous biopsy**. One of the tests will study whether your tumor cells have a specific protein called PD-L1. This protein is involved in cancer and involved in how the study drug works.
- Blood tests of the thyroid and pancreas, and you may need blood tests to check for the viruses Hepatitis B and C
- CT scan or MRI of chest, and the areas of the body where your sarcoma is

The study researchers also would like to learn more about fatigue and quality of life. All study participants will be asked to complete a questionnaire with 2 questions. It will take less than one minute to complete the questions.

If the exams, tests, and procedures show that you can take part in the study, and you choose to take part, then you will need the following extra exams, tests, and procedures. They are not part of the usual approach for your type of cancer.

During the study:

- Blood tests every 2 to 3 weeks, while receiving study medication, to monitor drug side effect. Visits to healthcare professional every 2 to 3 weeks, while receiving the study medication.
- CT scan or MRI of chest, and the areas of the body where your sarcoma is every 6 weeks for 12 weeks, then every 8 weeks until your cancer grows

### **What possible risks can I expect from taking part in this study?**

If you choose to take part in this study, there is a risk that:

- You may lose time at work or home and spend more time in the hospital or doctor's office than usual
- You may be asked sensitive or private questions which you normally do not discuss
- The study drugs may not be better, and could possibly be worse, than the usual approach for your cancer.
- There is a risk someone could get access to the personal information in your medical records or other information researchers have kept about you. Someone might be able to trace this information back to you. The researchers believe the chance that someone will identify you is very small, but the risk may change in the future as people come up with new ways of tracing information. In some cases, this information could be used to make it harder for you to get or keep a job. (For non-U.S. participants, please verify the existence of such laws before including the following sentence.) There are laws against misuse of genetic information, but they may not give full protection. The researchers believe the chance these things will happen is very small, but cannot promise that they will not occur.
- There can also be a risk in finding out new genetic information about you. New health information about inherited traits that might affect you or your blood relatives could be found during a study.

The nivolumab (Groups 1 and 2) and ipilimumab (Group 2) used in this study may affect how different parts of your body work such as your liver, kidneys, heart, and blood. The study doctor will be testing your blood and will let you know if changes occur that may affect your health.

There is also a risk that you could have side effects from the study drug(s)/study approach.

Here are important points about side effects:

- The study doctors do not know who will or will not have side effects.

- Some side effects may go away soon, some may last a long time, or some may never go away.
- Some side effects may interfere with your ability to have children.
- Some side effects may be serious and may even result in death.

Here are important points about how you and the study doctor can make side effects less of a problem:

- Tell the study doctor if you notice or feel anything different so they can see if you are having a side effect.
- The study doctor may be able to treat some side effects.
- The study doctor may adjust the study drugs to try to reduce side effects.

The tables below show the most common and the most serious side effects that researchers know about. There might be other side effects that researchers do not yet know about. If important new side effects are found, the study doctor will discuss these with you.

**Risks and side effects related to nivolumab (BMS-936558) used in treatment Groups 1 and 2 include:**

<p><b>Special precautions</b> Side effects of BMS-936558 (nivolumab) may happen anytime during treatment or even after your treatment has ended. Some of these problems may happen more often when BMS-936558 is used in combination with ipilimumab. <b>Call or see your healthcare provider right away if you develop any problems listed below or the symptoms get worse.</b></p>
<p><b>COMMON, SOME MAY BE SERIOUS</b></p> <p>In 100 people receiving BMS-936558, more than 20 and up to 100 may have:</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tiredness</li> </ul>

<p><b>OCCASIONAL, SOME MAY BE SERIOUS</b></p> <p>In 100 people receiving BMS-936558, from 4 to 20 may have:</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Anemia which may require blood transfusion</li> <li>• Swelling and redness of the eye</li> <li>• Pain in belly</li> <li>• Diarrhea, nausea, loss of appetite</li> <li>• Dry mouth</li> <li>• Fever</li> <li>• Swelling and redness at the site of the medication injection</li> <li>• Bruising, bleeding</li> <li>• Pain or swelling of the joints</li> <li>• Reaction during or following a drug infusion which may cause fever, chills, rash</li> </ul> <p>BMS-936558 may cause your immune system to attack normal organs and cause side effects in many parts of the body. These problems may include but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lung problems (pneumonitis and pleural effusion). Symptoms may include: new or worsening cough, chest pain, shortness of breath.</li> <li>• Intestinal problems (colitis) that can rarely lead to tears or holes in your intestine. Signs and symptoms of colitis may include: diarrhea or increase in bowel movements, blood in your stools or dark, tarry, sticky stools, severe belly pain or tenderness.</li> <li>• Skin: itching; rash, blisters including inside the mouth; loss of skin pigment</li> <li>• Liver problems (hepatitis) which can cause liver failure. Signs and symptoms of hepatitis may include: yellowing of your skin or the whites of your eyes, severe nausea or vomiting; drowsiness; pain in the right upper belly.</li> <li>• Hormone gland problems (especially the thyroid, pituitary and adrenal glands, and pancreas). Signs and symptoms may include: headaches that will not go away or unusual headaches, extreme tiredness or changes in mood or behavior decreased sex drive; weight loss or weight gain; excessive thirst or urine; dizziness or fainting.</li> </ul>

**RARE, AND SERIOUS**

In 100 people receiving BMS-936558, 3 or fewer may have:

- Allergic reaction which may cause rash, low blood pressure, wheezing, shortness of breath, swelling of the face or throat

BMS-936558 may cause your immune system to attack normal organs and cause side effects in many parts of the body. These problems may include but are not limited to:

- Visual disturbances which may cause double vision, blurred vision, or loss of vision with a chance of blindness
- A condition with high blood sugar which leads to tiredness, frequent urination, excessive thirst, headache, nausea and vomiting, and can result in coma
- Kidney problems, including nephritis and kidney failure requiring dialysis. Signs of kidney problems may include: decrease in the amount of urine, blood in your urine, ankle swelling.
- Heart problems including inflammation and heart failure. Symptoms and signs of heart problem may include: Shortness of breath, swelling of the ankle and body.
- Problem of the muscle, including inflammation, which can cause muscle pain and severe muscle weakness sometimes with dark urine
- Inflammation of the brain (meningitis/encephalitis), which may cause: headache, confusion, sleepiness, seizures, and stiff neck
- Problem of the nerves that can cause paralysis. Signs and symptoms may include: numbness, tingling of hands and feet; weakness of the arms, legs and facial muscle movement.
- Complications associated with stem cell transplant using donor stem cells (allogeneic stem cell transplant). These complications are caused by attack of donor cells on the host organs (inducing liver, skin and gut), and can lead to death. If you are considering an allogeneic stem transplant after participating in this study, please tell your doctor that you have received BMS-936558 therapy, since the risk and severity of transplant-associated complications may be increased.

**Risks and side effects related to ipilimumab used in Group 2 (and in Group 1 if your cancer grows and you are able to receive both drugs) include:**

<p><b>Special precautions</b></p> <p>Side effects of ipilimumab may happen anytime during treatment or even after your treatment has ended. Some of these problems may happen more often when ipilimumab is used in combination with BMS-936558 (nivolumab). <b>Call or see your healthcare provider right away if you develop any problems listed below or the symptoms get worse.</b></p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>COMMON, SOME MAY BE SERIOUS</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">In 100 people receiving ipilimumab, more than 20 and up to 100 may have:</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Diarrhea, nausea</li><li>• Tiredness</li></ul>
<p>Ipilimumab may cause your immune system to attack normal organs and cause side effects in many parts of the body. These problems may include but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Skin: itching; rash, blisters including inside the mouth (can be severe); hives</li></ul>



**OCCASIONAL, SOME MAY BE SERIOUS**

In 100 people receiving ipilimumab, from 4 to 20 may have:

- Abnormal heartbeat
- Hearing loss
- Swelling and redness of the eye
- Pain in belly
- Difficulty swallowing, vomiting, loss of appetite
- Fever
- Dehydration
- Pain or swelling of the joints
- Reaction during or following a drug infusion which may cause fever, chills, rash
- Low blood pressure which may cause feeling faint

Ipilimumab may cause your immune system to attack normal organs and cause side effects in many parts of the body. These problems may include but are not limited to:

- Lung problems (pneumonitis). Symptoms may include: new or worsening cough, chest pain, shortness of breath.
- Intestinal problems (colitis) that can rarely lead to tears or holes in your intestine. Signs and symptoms of colitis may include: diarrhea or increase in bowel movements, blood in your stools or dark, tarry, sticky stools, severe belly pain or tenderness.
- Kidney problems, including nephritis and kidney failure requiring dialysis. Signs of kidney problems may include: decrease in the amount of urine, blood in your urine, ankle swelling.
- Problem of the muscle, including inflammation, which can cause muscle pain and severe muscle weakness sometimes with dark urine.
- Problem of the nerves that can cause paralysis. Signs and symptoms may include: numbness, tingling of hands and feet; weakness of the arms, legs and facial muscle movement.
- Liver problems (hepatitis) which can cause liver failure. Signs and symptoms of hepatitis may include: yellowing of your skin or the whites of your eyes, severe nausea or vomiting; drowsiness; pain in the right upper belly.
- Hormone gland problems (especially the thyroid, pituitary and adrenal glands, and pancreas). Signs and symptoms may include: headaches that will not go away or unusual headaches, extreme tiredness or changes in mood or behavior decreased sex drive; weight loss or weight gain; excessive thirst or urine; dizziness or fainting.

**RARE, AND SERIOUS**

In 100 people receiving ipilimumab , 3 or fewer may have:

- Bleeding
- Blockage of the bowels which may cause constipation
- Swelling of the brain which may cause headache, blurred vision, stiff neck, and/or confusion

Ipilimumab may cause your immune system to attack normal organs and cause side effects in many parts of the body. These problems may include but are not limited to:

- A condition with high blood sugar which leads to tiredness, frequent urination, excessive thirst, headache, nausea and vomiting, and can result in coma
- Heart problems including inflammation and heart failure. Symptoms and signs of heart problem may include: Shortness of breath, swelling of the ankle and body.
- Complications associated with stem cell transplant using donor stem cells (allogeneic stem cell transplant). These complications are caused by attack of donor cells on the host organs (inducing liver, skin and gut), and can lead to death. If you are considering an allogeneic stem transplant after participating in this study, please tell your doctor that you have received ipilimumab therapy, since the risk and severity of transplant-associated complications may be increased.

Let your study doctor know of any questions you have about possible side effects. You can ask the study doctor questions about side effects at any time.

**Reproductive risks:** You should not get pregnant, breastfeed, or father a baby while in this study. The nivolumab and ipilimumab used in this study could be very damaging to an unborn baby. Women of childbearing potential must continue birth control for 23 weeks after the last dose of study medication. Male partners must continue birth control for 31 weeks after the last dose of study medication is received. Check with the study doctor about what types of birth control, or pregnancy prevention, to use while in this study.

**What possible benefits can I expect from taking part in this study?**

It is not possible to know at this time if the study drug(s)/study approach is better than the usual approach so this study may or may not help you. This study may help researchers learn things that will help people in the future.

**Can I stop taking part in this study?**

Yes. You can decide to stop at any time. If you decide to stop for any reason, it is important to let the study doctor know as soon as possible so you can stop safely. If you stop, you can decide whether or not to let the study doctor continue to provide your medical information to the organization running the study.

The study doctor will tell you about new information or changes in the study that may affect your health or your willingness to continue in the study.

The study doctor may take you out of the study:

- If your health changes and the study is no longer in your best interest
- If new information becomes available
- If you do not follow the study rules
- If the study is stopped by the sponsor, IRB or FDA.

### **What are my rights in this study?**

Taking part in this study is your choice. No matter what decision you make, and even if your decision changes, there will be no penalty to you. You will not lose medical care or any legal rights.

For questions about your rights while in this study, call the Central Institutional Review Board at 888-657-3711.

### **What are the costs of taking part in this study?**

The nivolumab and ipilimumab will be supplied at no charge while you take part in this study. It is possible that the nivolumab or ipilimumab may not continue to be supplied while you are on the study. Although not likely, if this occurs, your study doctor will talk to you about your options.

You and/or your health plan/insurance company will need to pay for all of the other costs of treating your cancer while in this study, including the cost of tests, procedures, or medicines to manage any side effects, unless you are told that certain tests are supplied at no charge. Before you decide to be in the study, you should check with your health plan or insurance company to find out exactly what they will pay for.

You will not be paid for taking part in this study.

### **What happens if I am injured or hurt because I took part in this study?**

If you are injured or hurt as a result of taking part in this study and need medical treatment, please tell your study doctor. The study sponsors *will not* offer to pay for medical treatment for injury. Your insurance company may not be willing to pay for study-related injury. If you have no insurance, you would be responsible for any costs.

If you feel this injury was a result of medical error, you keep all your legal rights to receive payment for this even though you are in a study.

### **Who will see my medical information?**

Your privacy is very important to us and the researchers will make every effort to protect it. Your information may be given out if required by law. For example, certain states require

doctors to report to health boards if they find a disease like tuberculosis. However, the researchers will do their best to make sure that any information that is released will not identify you. Some of your health information, and/or information about your specimen, from this study will be kept in a central database for research. Your name or contact information will not be put in the database.

There are organizations that may inspect your records. These organizations are required to make sure your information is kept private, unless required by law to provide information. Some of these organizations are:

- The Alliance and Bristol-Myers Squibb, the drug company supporting the study.
- The Institutional Review Board, IRB, is a group of people who review the research with the goal of protecting the people who take part in the study.
- The Food and Drug Administration and the National Cancer Institute in the U.S., and similar ones if other countries are involved in the study.

The Alliance has received a Certificate of Confidentiality from the federal government, which will help us to protect your privacy. The Certificate protects against the involuntary release of information about you collected during the course of the study. The researchers involved in this project may not be forced to identify you in any legal proceedings (criminal, civil, administrative, or legislative) at the federal, state, or local level. However, some information may be required by the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, or for purposes of program review or audit. Also, you may choose to voluntarily disclose the protected information under certain circumstances. For example, if you or your guardian requests the release of information about you in writing (through, for example, a written request to release medical records to an insurance company), the Certificate does not protect against that voluntary disclosure

### **Where can I get more information?**

You may visit the NCI Web site at <http://cancer.gov/> for more information about studies or general information about cancer. You may also call the NCI Cancer Information Service to get the same information at: 1-800-4-CANCER (1-800-422-6237).

A description of this clinical trial will be available on <http://www.ClinicalTrials.gov>, as required by U.S. Law. This Web site will not include information that can identify you. At most, the Web site will include a summary of the results. You can search this Web site at any time.

### **Who can answer my questions about this study?**

You can talk to the study doctor about any questions or concerns you have about this study or to report side effects or injuries. Contact the study doctor \_\_\_\_\_ (*insert name of study doctor[s]*) at \_\_\_\_\_ (*insert telephone number*).

## **ADDITIONAL STUDIES SECTION:**

### **This section is about optional studies you can choose to take part in**

This part of the consent form is about optional studies that you can choose to take part in. You will not get health benefits from any of these studies. The researchers leading this optional study hope the results will help other people with cancer in the future.

The results will not be added to your medical records and you or your study doctor will not know the results.

You will not be billed for these optional studies. You can still take part in the main study even if you say “no” to any or all of these studies. If you sign up for but cannot complete any of the studies for any reason, you can still take part in the main study.

Circle your choice of “yes” or “no” for each of the following studies.

### **1. Optional Sample Collections for Laboratory Studies and/or Biobanking for Possible Future Studies**

Researchers are trying to learn more about cancer, diabetes, and other health problems. Much of this research is done using samples from your tissue and blood, urine, or other fluids. Through these studies, researchers hope to find new ways to prevent, detect, treat, or cure health problems.

Some of these studies are about genes. Genes carry information about features that are found in you and in people who are related to you. Researchers are interested in the way that genes affect how your body responds to treatment.

If you choose to take part in this study, the study doctor for the main study would like to collect a biopsy sample and blood for research to find out which sarcoma patients are more likely to benefit from study treatment and to learn if a test is helpful to decide who may benefit from receiving study treatment. One of the tests the samples of cancer tissue will be used to study is whether your tumor cells have a specific protein called PD-L1. This protein is involved in cancer and involved in how the study drug works.

### **WHAT IS INVOLVED?**

If you agree to take part, here is what will happen next:

- 1) About 2-3 tablespoons of blood will be collected from a vein in your arm at the following times: before you start treatment; at 6 separate times when you going to the clinic to receive treatment; when you end treatment and when you go off study. A sample from the tissue that was collected at the time of your surgery will also be sent to the Biobank. If your tumor sample is not big enough to do the research, a new biopsy will be done before you start the study drug. Another sample of cancer tissue

- taken with a needle biopsy will be done during week 6 of the study. The research biopsies are done in a similar way to biopsies done for diagnosis.
- 2) For patients in Group 1 (Nivolumab alone) who have growth of their cancer and continue on to receive both drugs (Nivolumab + Ipilimumab): Should you decide to continue participation in correlative science, we would like to continue to collect 2 to 3 tablespoons of blood from a vein in your arm when you start the two-drug treatment, and 6 additional times when you come to the clinic to receive treatment, when you end treatment, and when you go off study. A new biopsy will be taken before starting the two drugs, and then another sample of your cancer will be taken at week 6 of the two-drug treatment.
  - 3) Your sample and some related health information will be sent to a researcher for use in the study described above. Remaining samples may be stored in the Biobank, along with samples from other people who take part. The samples will be kept until they are used up.
  - 4) Qualified researchers can submit a request to use the materials stored in the Biobanks. A science committee at the clinical trials organization, and/or the National Cancer Institute, will review each request. There will also be an ethics review to ensure that the request is necessary and proper. Researchers will not be given your name or any other information that could directly identify you.
  - 5) Neither you nor your study doctor will be notified when research will be conducted or given reports or other information about any research that is done using your samples.
  - 6) Some of your genetic and health information may be placed in central databases that may be public, along with information from many other people. Information that could directly identify you will not be included.

## **WHAT ARE THE POSSIBLE RISKS?**

- 1) The most common risks related to drawing blood from your arm are brief pain and possibly a bruise. Common side effects of a biopsy are a small amount of bleeding at the time of the procedure, pain at the biopsy site, which can be treated with regular pain medications, and bruising. Rarely, an infection can occur. Depending on the location of the biopsy and your health condition, the risks may vary and should be discussed with your doctor. You will sign a separate consent form before the biopsy is taken. This will be a standard surgical consent form from the institution where the biopsy procedure takes place.
- 2) There is a risk that someone could get access to the personal information in your medical records or other information researchers have stored about you.
- 3) There is a risk that someone could trace the information in a central database back to you. Even without your name or other identifiers, your genetic information is unique to you. The researchers believe the chance that someone will identify you is very small, but the risk may change in the future as people come up with new ways of tracing information.
- 4) In some cases, this information could be used to make it harder for you to get or keep a job or insurance. There are laws against the misuse of genetic information, but they may not give full protection. There can also be a risk in knowing genetic information. New health information about inherited traits that might affect you or your blood

relatives could be found during a study. The researchers believe the chance these things will happen is very small, but cannot promise that they will not occur.

## **HOW WILL INFORMATION ABOUT ME BE KEPT PRIVATE?**

Your privacy is very important to the researchers and they will make every effort to protect it. Here are just a few of the steps they will take:

- 1) When your sample(s) is sent to the researchers, no information identifying you (such as your name) will be sent. Samples will be identified by a unique code only.
- 2) The list that links the unique code to your name will be kept separate from your sample and health information. Any Biobank and Alliance for Clinical Trials in Oncology staff with access to the list must sign an agreement to keep your identity confidential.
- 3) Researchers to whom Alliance for Clinical Trials in Oncology sends your sample and information will not know who you are. They must also sign an agreement that they will not try to find out who you are.
- 4) Information that identifies you will not be given to anyone, unless required by law.
- 5) If research results are published, your name and other personal information will not be used.

## **WHAT ARE THE POSSIBLE BENEFITS?**

You will not benefit from taking part.

The researchers, using the samples from you and others, might make discoveries that could help people in the future.

## **ARE THERE ANY COSTS OR PAYMENTS?**

There are no costs to you or your insurance. You will not be paid for taking part. If any of the research leads to new tests, drugs, or other commercial products, you will not share in any profits.

## **WHAT IF I CHANGE MY MIND?**

If you decide you no longer want your samples to be used, you can call the study doctor,

\_\_\_\_\_, *(insert name of study doctor for main trial)* at

\_\_\_\_\_ *(insert telephone number of study doctor for main trial)* who will

let the researchers know. Then, any sample that remains in the bank will no longer be used and related health information will no longer be collected. Samples or related information that have already been given to or used by researchers will not be returned.

## **WHAT IF I HAVE MORE QUESTIONS?**

If you have questions about the use of your samples for research, contact the study doctor,

\_\_\_\_\_, *(insert name of study doctor for main trial)*, at \_\_\_\_\_

*(insert telephone number of study doctor for main trial)*.

Please circle your answer to show whether or not you would like to take part in each option

**SAMPLES FOR THE LABORATORY STUDIES:**

I agree to have my blood and tissue from previous biopsy collected and I agree that my specimen sample(s) and related information may be used for the laboratory study(ies) described above.

YES                      NO

I agree to have a **new** biopsy done before I start the study drug and I agree that my specimen sample(s) and related information may be used for the laboratory study(ies) described above.

YES                      NO

**SAMPLES FOR FUTURE RESEARCH STUDIES:**

My samples and related information may be kept in a Biobank for use in future health research.

YES                      NO

This is the end of the section about optional studies.

**Release**

By signing this form you authorize NCORP-KC to access and obtain information that is required for the study. this may include your medical records, labs, radiologic films and reports and pathology specimens. This authorization to disclose your medical records shall not expire, even upon death, unless specifically revoked in writing by you.

You will get a copy of this form. If you want more information about this study, ask your study doctor.



## **My Signature Agreeing to Take Part in the Main Study**

I have read this consent form or had it read to me. I have discussed it with the study doctor and my questions have been answered. I will be given a signed copy of this form. I agree to take part in the main study and any additional studies where I circled 'yes'.

Participant \_\_\_\_\_

Participant's signature \_\_\_\_\_

Date of signature \_\_\_\_\_

Person obtaining consent \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of person obtaining consent \_\_\_\_\_

Date of signature \_\_\_\_\_